

Short Article

Uchida's Step Function

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As I created a step function by using division by zero calculus, I will show how to create it.

y(x) = |x| $y'(x) = \frac{|x|}{\frac{x}{0}}$ $y'(0) = \frac{|0|}{0} = 0$

This is well known as division by zero calculus. The step function is created by using above.

 $\begin{array}{l} x,b \in R\\ i,n \in N\\ 1 \leq i \leq n\\ 0 \leq x \leq b \ , \ a_i = \frac{i}{n} \cdot b \ , a_n = b \ , 0 < b\\ f_i(x) = \frac{|x - a_i|}{x - a_i} \end{array}$

Regarding $f_i(x)$,

for $0 \le x < a_i$, $f_i(x) = -1$. for $x = a_i$, $f_i(a_i) = \frac{|a_i - a_i|}{a_i - a_i} = \frac{|0|}{0} = 0$. for $a_i < x \le b$, $f_i(x) = 1$ except $f_n(x)$. $f_n(b) = 0$.

Setting

$$f(x) = n + \sum_{i=1}^{n} f_i(x),$$

This is Uchida's Step Function, which has n steps.

Setting y = f(x).



 $\frac{df(x)}{dx} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{\frac{|x-a_i|}{x-a_i}(x-a_i) - |x-a_i|}{(x-a_i)^2} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{|x-a_i| - |x-a_i|}{(x-a_i)^2} = 0$

Reference

1. Okumura, H., Saitoh, S., Uchida, K. (2021). On the Elementary Function y = |x| and Division by Zero Calculus.